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# IS550H Processing Guide

Theprocessingguidelines contained in this document were developed through in-house testing and field experience. However, they should be considered to be starting points that will require further adjustment. Read the following review of processes for applicability to your particular Printed Wiring Board (PWB) fabrication environment. Remember that the suggestions contained herein can not account for all possible board designs or processing environments. Additional adjustments by the fabricator will be necessary. Isola can and will assist with this process, but the fabricator, not Isola, is ultimately responsible for their process and the end results. Fabricators should verify that PWBs made using these suggestions meet all applicable quality and performance requirements.

# Part 1: Prepreg Storage and Handling

Isola Group's IS550H is a halogen-free product. The prepreg bonding sheets for use in multilayer printed circuit board applications are manufactured to specifications that include physicalandelectrical properties and processing characteristics relativetothelaminatingapplication.Handlingandstoragefactors haveanimportantinfluenceonthedesiredperformanceofthe prepreg.Someparametersareaffectedbytheenvironment in which prepregs are stored. They can also deteriorate over extended periods of storage. The prepreg received by the customer is a glass fabric that has been impregnated with a stated quantity of low volatile, partially polymerized resin. The resinistack-freebutsomewhatbrittle.Manylaminationproblems arise from resin loss off the fabric due to improper handling. Thefabricused is based on the order and supplies the required thickness.Inmostcasestheamountofresincarriedbythefabric increases as the fabric thickness decreases.

### Handling Suggestions

Handle all prepreg using clean gloves. Use sharp, precision equipmentwhencuttingorpanelingprepreg. Treatall prepreg asbeingveryfragile. Use extreme care when handling very high resin content prepreg (glass fabrics 1080 and finer).

### Storage Suggestions

Uponreceipt, all prepregshould be immediately moved from the receiving areato a controlled environment. All prepregshould be used as soon as possible using a First-In-First-Out (FIFO) inventory management system. If nothandled properly, IS550H prepreg will absorb moisture, which will lead to depressed Tg's and cure and affect flow in the press. If extended storage is required, separate facilities should be reserved with appropriate environmental control. Prepreg properties will be maintained for 6 months when stored at 5°C (41°F) or 3 months when stored at 23°C (73°F) and below 50% relative humidity.

Prepreg packages should be allowed to equilibrate to layup room conditions before opening to prevent moisture condensation on the prepreg.

Stabilization time will depend on storage temperature. In cases where storage temperature is significantly below room temperature, keep prepreginpack age or plastic wrapping during stabilization period to prevent moisture condensation. Once the original pack aging is opened, the prepreg should be used immediately. Remaining prepreg should be resealed in the original pack aging with fresh desiccant. Storage should be in the absence of catalytic environments such as high radiation levels or intense ultraviolet light.

PrepregsaresoldtoIPC-4101Cspecifications.Afterdeliveryto thecustomer,retestingservicesareavailable,butpassingretest resultsdonotconstituteare-certification.Prepregswillbetested attheoriginalmanufacturingsiteoratanotherappropriatesiteto be determined by Technical Service.

# Part 2: Innerlayer Preparation

Isola Group's IS550H laminates are fully cured and ready for processing. It has been the experience of most fabricators that stress relief bake cycles are not effective in reducing any movement of high performance laminates such as IS550H. Therefore, it is suggested that the movement of unbaked laminate be characterized and the appropriate artwork compensation factors are used.

## **Dimensional Stability**

Thenetdimensionalmovementoflaminateaftertheetch, oxide and lamination processes is typically shrinkage. This shrinkage is due to the relaxation of stresses that we reinduced when the laminate was pressed as well as shrinkage contribution from the resinsystem. Most of the movement will be observed in the grain direction of the laminate.

Therearesituations that have been known to alter the proportion of shrinkage ingrain versus fill direction in some board shops. These include autoclave pressing and cross-plying laminate grain direction to that of prepreg. While both of these practices have their advantages, material movement must be uniquely characterized.

Table 1 (for reference) illustrates the suggested approach to characterizing laminate movement and provides approximate artwork compensation factors for IS550 Hlaminate when using a hydraulic press.

Base Thickness	Configuration	Direction	Comp (in/in)
$\leq$ 0.005	Signal/Signal	Warp (grain)	0.0007-0.0009
п	п	Fill	0.0001-0.0003
"	Signal/Ground	Warp (grain)	0.0005-0.0007
п	п	Fill	0.0001-0.0003
"	Ground/Ground	Warp (grain)	0.0002-0.0004
п	п	Fill	0.0000-0.0002
0.006-0.009	Signal/Signal	Warp (grain)	0.0005-0.0007
п	п	Fill	0.0001-0.0003
"	Signal/Ground	Warp (grain)	0.0003-0.0005
"	н	Fill	0.0000-0.0002
п	Ground/Ground	Warp (grain)	0.0000-0.0002
"	н	Fill	0.0000-0.0002
0.010-0.014	Signal/Signal	Warp (grain)	0.0002-0.0004
"	п	Fill	0.0000-0.0002
"	Signal/Ground	Warp (grain)	0.0001-0.0003
"	п	Fill	0.0000-0.0002
"	Ground/Ground	Warp (grain)	0.0000-0.0002
"	п	Fill	0.0000-0.0002

### Table 1: Initial Artwork Compensation Factors

Thistableassumes that laminate and prepreggrain directions are oriented along the same dimension. Each shop must characterize material behavior given their particular lamination cycles, border designs and grain orientation of laminate to prepreg. It is also suggested that specific laminate constructions be specified and adhered to so that dimensional variations due to changes in construction are avoided.

Table 1 assumes that signal layers are either half or 1 ounce copper and ground layers are either 1 or 2 ounce copper.

### Imaging and Etching

IS550Hlaminates are imaged using standard aqueous dryfilms and are compatible with both cupricchloride and ammonia cal etchants.

### **Bond Enhancement**

Bothreducedoxidesandoxidealternativechemistrieshavebeen usedsuccessfullyinfabricatingIS550Hmultilayerboardstodate. Usersshouldmakesuretheoxideoroxidereplacementcoating exhibits a consistent, uniformly dark color.

If reduced oxides are used, consult the chemical supplier for postoxidebaking considerations as excessive baking may lead to lower pink ring resistance. It is generally suggested that post-oxidebaking beperformed vertically, inracks. Suggest mild bake of oxided innerlayers (30 minutes @ 80-100°C).

Forconveyorizedoxidereplacements, an efficient dryerat the endofaconveyorizedoxidereplacement lineshould remove all moisture from the inner layer surface. However, drying of layers for 30 minutes minimum @ 100°C or higher is considered a "best practice", especially for boards to be subjected to "lead-free" processes. Drying in racks is preferred.

Peel strengths may be slightly lower as compared to FR406 due to the higher modulus properties of the resinsystem. The use of DSTFoil<sup>™</sup> will typically increase the bond strength by approximately 1 to 1.5 lbs as compared to non-DSTFoil copper foil.

If immersion tinadhesion treatments are used, the fabricator should test the coating to verify adequate bond strength is developed with IS550H prepregs.

# Part 3: Lamination

### Standard Lamination

IS550HisahigherviscositymaterialthanmostHalogenated FR-4materials.Togetthebestresultsduringlamination, use higherpressuresandhigherheatriseratesthanstandardFR-4 materials.(SeeTable2.)Theseoperatingparameterswillensure goodfillandflowofthePWB.Thismaterialhasverylittleflash, soedgetaperingisminimal, andgoodthicknessdistributionis found.Ifyouareproducinghigherlayercounts(>20layers)oruse 2ozorheaviercopper, theneedtofollowtheguidelinesismore important.Theseprocessingparametershaveperformedwellup on very difficult product designs.

### Sequential Lamination

Sub-assembliesmustbebakedpriortoperforming these condary lamination. Water will interfere with the curing of the IS550 Hresin system.

Sub-assembliesrequiremuchlongerbaking, particularlywhen storedinopenenvironment. Bakingtimesrangefrom 3-24 hours at 110-180°C (230-356°F). Consult with an Isola Technical Expert for recommendations.

RemovalofIS550Hflashshouldbeperformedbyroutingrather than shearing to minimize crazing along the panel edges.

### Table 2: IS550H General Lamination Parameters

Vacuum Time	20 minutes (no pressure, product on risers)
Curing Temperature	190-200°C (375-390°F)
Curing Time	200°C - 75 min 190°C - 100 min 190°C recommended for sequential lamination
Resin Flow Window	100-170°C (210-340°F) Maintain heat ramp in this temperature range.
Heat Ramp	2.5-5°C/min (4.5-9.0°F/min)
Pressure	350-450 PSI Select based on filling requirements
Pressure Application	Single Stage Apply pressure after vacuum dwell time.
	Dual Stage 100PSI(7.0Kg/cm2)aftervacuumdwelltime,switchto high pressure ≤ 85°C product temperature.
Pressure Drop	After30minutesatcuretemperature,reducepressureto 50 PSI (3.5 Kg/cm2) in hot press (optional).
Cool Down	Cool to 135-140°C (275-285°F) at 2.8°C/min (5.0°F/ min)with50PSI(3.5Kg/cm2)pressurepriortoremoving or transferring the load.

# Part 4: Drill

### General

IS550Hmaterialhashighthermalperformanceandstability. Duetothishighthermalperformance, thematerial tendstoform freestandingchipsduringdrilling, and is not likely to created rill smear. Due to the increased thermal decomposition temperature of the resin system, the drill debris remains as free particles and will not impact the drill flute relief volumes.

To assure effective removal of the resindebris during drilling, undercut drill geometries and high helix tools are recommended. On high layer count technologies and thicker overall board thicknesses, peck drilling parameters may be necessary. Suggested parameters are outlined below for typical multilayer designs.

### Cutting Speed and Chipload

The parameters in Table 3 provide a moderate initial starting pointfortypical board designs. Thick boards with heavy copperor special cladding such as invar will require more conservative drill parameters.

### Stack Height and Hit Count

Stackheights and hit counts will vary with the construction and overall thickness of the boards being drilled. Standard. 060" thick boards have been successfully stacked 3 high for bit diameters down to 13.5 mils. As a general guideline, the sum of the board thickness in a multilayer drill stack should not exceed 200 mils. Maximum hit count for a small drill diameter is 1000. For drill diameters of 13.5 mils and greater, maximum hit count is 1500.

# Part 5: Hole Wall Preparation

### General

Gooddesmearandelectrolesscopperdepositionperformance aremoreeasilyachievedwhenthedrilledholequalityisgood. Thegeneration of smooth, debrisfreehole walls is influenced by the degree of resin cure, drilling conditions and board design considerations. The elimination of 7628 or similar heavy glasses (whenever possible), coupled with properly adjusted drill parameters on fully cured boards has been shown to improve overall drilledholequality. This helps reduces mear generation, which improves des mear performance and can ultimately help to reduce copper wicking.

Factors which influence chemical desmear rates, and therefore the suggestions in this document, include: resintype,chemistrytype,bathdwelltimes,bathtemperatures, chemicalconcentrationsineachbathandtheamountofsolution transfer through the holes.

Factorswhichinfluence the amount of solution transfer through the holes include: hole size, panel thickness, work barstroke length, panel separation in the rack and the use of solution agitation, rackvibration and rack "bumping" to remove air bubbles from the holes.

### **Chemical Desmear**

Conventional permanganated es mears ystems are effective for removal of IS550 Hresin from interconnect posts. Dwell times and temperatures typically used for most high performance FR-4 materials should be satisfactory.

NMP is not compatible with IS550H. DO NOT use NMP based swellers with IS550H.

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Dril	ll Size	Spindle Speed		e Speed linute	Infe	eed	Chip	load	Ret	ract
mm	Inch	RPM	SMPM	SFPM	Meter min.	Inch min.	mm rev.	mil rev.	Meter min.	Inch min.
0.25	0.0098	120,000	94	309	1.57	62	0.013	0.52	15	600
0.30	0.0118	105,000	99	325	1.78	70	0.017	0.67	20	800
0.35	0.0138	94,000	103	339	1.98	78	0.021	0.83	20	800
0.40	0.0157	85,000	107	350	2.16	85	0.025	1.00	25	1000
0.50	0.0197	75,000	118	387	2.54	100	0.034	1.33	25	1000
0.63	0.0248	60,000	119	390	2.29	90	0.038	1.50	25	1000
0.75	0.0295	50,000	118	387	2.16	85	0.043	1.70	25	1000
0.90	0.0354	43,000	122	399	1.91	75	0.044	1.74	25	1000
1.00	0.0394	38,000	119	392	1.73	68	0.045	1.79	25	1000
1.27	0.0500	32,000	128	419	1.57	62	0.049	1.94	25	1000
1.50	0.0591	28,000	132	433	1.42	56	0.051	2.00	25	1000
2.00	0.0787	22,000	138	454	1.27	50	0.058	2.27	25	1000

### Table 3: Suggested Drilling Parameters For Initial IS550H Setup

### Plasma Desmear

If available, plasma can be used with or without a single permanganatepass(tobedeterminedbyeachfabricator).Plasma processingtendstoimproveoverallholequality, particularly inthickand/orhighaspectratioboards.Standardplasmagas mixtures and cycles are satisfactory.Care must be exercised to avoid excessive resin removal if both plasma and permanganate are employed together.

### 3-Point Etchback

True3-point"etchback"exposes the innerlayer "post" on all three sides for subsequent plating processes. This will require a more robust approach compared to simple desmear, which is designed only to remove resin smear from the vertical surface of the innerlayer interconnect "posts".

Plasma will readily etch back IS550H resin. Standard plasma gasmixtures and process cycles designed for conventional FR-4 epoxyares at is factory and are suggested for use as initial starting parameters for etch back of IS550H. The practice of following the plasma process with a chemical process is suggested rather than plasma alone to increase hole wall texture and remove plasma as h residues.

If plasma is not available, chemical etchback for 3-point connectionscanusuallybeaccomplishedusingadouble-pass throughthepermanganateline.Caremustbetakenwhenusing adouble-passtominimizecopperwicking.Consultthechemical supplier for suggested conditions.

NMP is not compatible with IS550H. DO NOT use NMP based swellers with IS550H.

### Secondary Drilling

Theuseofentryandbackermaterialmaybenecessaryduring the secondarydrilling of largerholesizes to avoid crazing/fracturing at the hole perimeter. Additionally, sharper plunge point angle geometries may be necessary to avoid crazing around secondary drilled hole perimeters.

### **Routing and Scoring**

Modifications of the final PWB routfabrication process may be necessary. Table 4 lists initial starting parameters using chip breaker or diamond cut tool designs. Note that parameters listed may require further adjustment.

# Table 4: Suggested Routing Parameters for Initial IS550H Setup

Tool Diameter		Spindle Speed	Spindle Travel Speed	
Inch	mm	RPM	Inch min.	Meter min.
0.0620	1.5748	45,000	20	0.508
0.0930	2.3622	35,000	40	1.016
0.1250	3.1750	25,000	50	1.270

Chip breaker or diamond cut tool designs recommended.

ForPWB designs requiring scored geometries, the testing of various Tgs and resin content materials has determined that adjust ments to the process will be necessary. As the modulus strength of materials increases, the maximum resultant web thickness (dependent on the scored edge depth) must be decreased to avoid excessive fracturing upon breaking away the scored materials.

Individualboarddesigns/stack-upsmayrequireadjustmentof scoredepthgeometries.Thinnerwebthicknessesaretypically required. This is influenced by layer count, glass types and retained copper in the design.

The customer should contact the scoring equipment and/or bit supplier for application specific suggestions for use with IS550H materials. Your Isola Technical Account Manager may also be able to provide some initial suggestions, but the seshould be reviewed with the scoring equipment supplier and validated through testing by the individual PWB fabricator.

# Part 6: Packaging and Storage

IS550Hfinishedboardshavelowmoisturesensitivity and good shelflife. However, Isolare commends using best practices in storage and packaging, as noted below, to reduce risk during lead-free assembly.

IS550Hboardsshouldbedrypriortopackagingtoensurethe mostrobustlead-freeperformance.Forsomecomplex, high reliabilitydesigns, baking priortosoldermaskapplication can be implemented to ensure maximum floor life in assembly processing.Printedboardsmadeforhightemperatureassembly fromIS550H, which require along shelf life, the best protection is provided using a Moisture Barrier Bag (MBB) with a Humidity Indicator Card (HIC) and adequate drying desiccant inside the MBB to prevent moisture absorption during shipment and long-term storage.

Uponopening the MBB, the boards should be processed within 168 hours when maximum shopf loor conditions are at < 30°C (85°F)/60% RH. MBB bags that are opened for inspection should be resealed immediately to protect the boards from moisture up take.

# Part 7: Health and Safety

Alwayshandlelaminatewithcare.Laminateedgesaretypically sharpandcancausecutsandscratchesifnothandledproperly. Handlingandmachiningofprepregandlaminatecancreatedust (see IS550H Material Safety Data Sheet).

Appropriateventilationisnecessaryinmachining/punchingareas. Theuseofprotectivemasksissuggestedtoavoidinhalingdust. Gloves, aprons and/orsafetyglasses are suggested if individuals have frequent or prolonged skin or eye contact with dust.

# Part 8: Ordering Information

Contact your local sales representative or contact: info@isola-group.com for further information.

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