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# Tachyon<sup>®</sup> 100G Processing Guide

The processing guidelines contained in this document were developed through in-house testing and field experience. However, they should be considered to be starting points that will require further adjustment. Read the following review of processes for applicability to your particular Printed Wiring Board (PWB) fabrication environment. Remember that the suggestions contained herein cannot account for all possible board designs or processing environments. Additional adjustments by the fabricator will be necessary. Isola can and will assist with this process, but the fabricator, not Isola, is ultimately responsible for their process and the end results. Fabricators should verify that PWBs made using these suggestions meet all applicable quality and performance requirements.

# Part 1: Prepreg Storage and Handling

IsolaGroup's prepregbonding sheets for use inmultilayer printed circuit board applications are manufactured to specifications that include physical and electrical properties and processing characteristics relative to the laminating application. Handling and storage factors have an important influence on the desired performance of the prepreg. Some parameters are affected by the environment in which prepregs are stored. They can also deteriorate overextended periods of storage. The prepregrece eved by the customeris aglass fabric that has been impregnated with a stated quantity of low volatile, partially polymerized resin. The resin is tack-free buts omewhat brittle. Many lamination problems arise from resin loss off the fabric due to improper handling. The fabric use disbased on the order and supplies the required thickness. In most cases the amount of resin carried by the fabric increases as the fabric thickness decreases.

#### Handling Suggestions

Handle all prepreg using clean gloves. Use sharp, precision equipmentwhencuttingorpanelingprepreg. Treatall prepregas beingveryfragile. Use extreme care when handling very high resin content prepreg (glass fabrics 1080 and finer).

#### **Storage Suggestions**

Uponreceipt, all prepregshould be immediately moved from the receiving a reato a controlled environment. Material should be kept in original packaging until ready to use.

Allprepregshouldbeusedassoonaspossible.AFirst-In-First-Out (FIFO) inventory management system should be used.

If not handled properly, Tachyon<sup>®</sup> 100G prepreg will absorb moisture, which will lead to depressed Tgs and cure and affect flow in the press. If extended storage is required, separate facilities should be reserved with appropriate environmental control. Prepreg should be stored at ≤ 23°C and below 50% humidity.

Prepreg packages should be allowed to equilibrate to layup room conditions before opening to prevent moisture

condensation on the prepreg.

Stabilization time will depend on storage temperature. In cases where storage temperature is significantly below room temperature, keep prepreginpack age or plastic wrapping during the stabilization period to prevent moist ure condensation. Once the original pack aging is opened, the prepreg should be used immediately. Remaining prepreg should be resealed in the original pack aging with fresh desiccant, do not vacuum seal Tachyon 100G prepreg. Storage should be in the absence of catalytic environments such as high radiation levels or intense ultraviolet light.

# Part 2: Innerlayer Preparation

IsolaGroup'sTachyon100Glaminates are fully cured and ready for processing. It has been the experience of most fabricators that stress relief bake cycles are not effective in reducing any movement of high performance laminates such as Tachyon100G. Therefore, it is suggested that the movement of unbaked laminate be characterized and the appropriate artwork compensation factors are used.

#### **Dimensional Stability**

Thenetdimensional movement of laminate after the etch, oxide and lamination processes is typically shrinkage. This shrinkage is due to the relaxation of stresses that we reinduced when the laminate was pressed as well as shrinkage contribution from the resinsystem. Most of the movement will be observed in the grain direction of the laminate.

Therearesituations that have been known to alter the proportion of shrinkageing rain versus fill direction in some board shops. These include autoclave pressing and cross-plying laminate grain direction to that of prepreg.

Table 1 (for reference) illustrates the suggested approach to characterizing laminate movement and provides approximate artwork compensation factors for Tachyon 100 Glaminate when using a hydraulic press.

DK	Configuration	Direction	Comp (in/in)
2.8-3.0"	Signal/Signal	Warp (grain)	0.0007-0.0012
п	п	Fill	0.0005-0.0009
п	Signal/Ground	Warp (grain)	0.0005-0.0007
п	п	Fill	0.0003-0.0006
п	Ground/Ground	Warp (grain)	0.0002-0.0004
п	п	Fill	0.0002-0.0004
3.1-3.45"	Signal/Signal	Warp (grain)	0.0005-0.0007
п	п	Fill	0.0001-0.0003
п	Signal/Ground	Warp (grain)	0.0003-0.0005
п	п	Fill	0.0000-0.0002
п	Ground/Ground	Warp (grain)	0.0000-0.0002
"	п	Fill	0.0000-0.0002

Table 1: Initial Artwork Compensation Factors

Thistableassumesthatlaminateandprepreggraindirectionsare orientedalongthesamedimension.Eachshopmustcharacterize materialbehaviorgiventheirparticularlaminationcycles,border designsandgrainorientationoflaminatetoprepreg.Ifl-Tera<sup>®</sup>MT materialshavebeenused,usetheartworkcompensationfactors from that material as a starting point.

It is also suggested that specific laminate constructions are specified and adhered to so that dimensional variations due to changes inconstruction are avoided. Table 1 assumes that signal layers are either half or 1 ounce copper and ground layers are either 1 or 2 ounce copper.

#### Imaging and Etching

Tachyon 100G<sup>\*</sup>laminates are imaged using standard aqueous dry films and are compatible with both cupric chloride and ammoniacal etchants.

#### **Bond Enhancement**

Alternativeoxidesarepreferredonallhighperformancematerial systems. Post reduced oxides need to be tested to assure compatibility with Lead Free processing temperatures. Alloxide finishes should exhibit consistent and uniform coloring of the surface coating.

If reduced oxides are used, consult the chemical supplier for postoxide baking considerations as excessive baking may lead to lower pink ring resistance. It is generally suggested that post-oxide baking be performed vertically, inracks. Suggest mild bake of oxided inner layers (15-30 minutes @ 80-100°C).

Forconveyorizedoxidereplacements, an efficient dryerat the endofaconveyorizedoxidereplacement lines hould remove all moisture from the inner layer surface. However, drying of layers for 30 minutes minimum @ 100°C or higher is considered a "best practice," especially for boards to be subjected to "lead-free" processes. Drying in racks is preferred.

If immersion tinad hesion treatments are used, the fabricator should test the coating to verify adequate bond strength is developed with Tachyon 100G prepregs.

# Part 3: Lamination

Use the full cycle for both subassembly as well as final lamination. The amount of time at cure temperature, and to some extent the actual cure temperature of Tachyon 100G, will be determined by the thickness of the multilayer package being produced. Very thick boards will require along ercure time to assure optimum material performance.

Removal of Tachyon 100 G flash should be performed by routing rather than shearing to minimize crazing along the paneled ges.

Table 2: Tachyon 100G° General Lamination Parameters

Vacuum Time	Recommended Minimum: On Risers: 15 min. Product temperature to not exceed 100°C
Curing Temperature	200°C (390°F) Do Not Exceed 210°C Product Temperature
Curing Time	Time at 200°C: 60 min.
Resin Flow Window	100-140°C (210-280°F) Maintain heat ramp in this temperature range.
Heat Ramp	3.0-5.0°C/min (5.4-9°F/min)
Pressure	325-375 PSI (23-27 Kg/cm2) ≤ 1oz, ≤ 18 layers 350-400PSI(25-28Kg/cm2)>1ozcopper,>18layers
Pressure Application	-Single Stage Apply pressure after vacuum dwell time. -Dual Stage 50PSI(3.5Kg/cm²)aftervacuumdwelltime,switch to high pressure ≤ 90°C product temperature.
Cool Down	Cool to 135-140°C (275-285°F) at 2.8°C/min (5.0°F/ min)with50PSI(3.5Kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )pressurepriortoremoving or transferring the load.

Note: Pressure requirements are dependent on product design and technology. Higher pressures have been used on difficult to fill designs.

# Part 4: Drill

#### General

Toassure effective removal of the resindebris during drilling, undercut drill geometries and high helix tools are suggested. On high layer count technologies and thicker overall board thicknesses, peck drilling parameters may be necessary. Suggested parameters are outlined below for typical multilayer designs.

#### Cutting Speed and Chipload

Relative to standard FR-4 parameters, use lower chiploads and cutting speeds to drill Tachyon 100 G printed circuit boards. The parameters in Table 3 provide a moderate initial starting point for typical board designs. Thick boards with heavy copperor special cladding such as invarwill require more conservative drill parameters. Boards with numerous 2 oz. copper inner layers or boards with coarse glass we ave may require more conservative parameters.

#### Stack Height and Hit Count

Stackheights and hit counts will vary according to construction and overall thickness of the boards being drilled. For thicker boards, above 2.5 mm (100 mils) overall, with high layer counts, drill one high.

Maximum hit count for drill diameters below 0.020" is 1,000, while drills ator above 0.020" diameter can be permitted up to 1,500 hits. These general guidelines are strongly influenced by board thickness, geometry, stack height, etc.

Aluminumentry and lubricated backing help creategood quality holewalls but are not essential in all applications. It is suggested that the fabricator's supplier of entry and backup be consulted.

#### Table 3: Suggested Drilling Parameters For Initial Tachyon 100G° Setup

Dril	ll Size	Spindle Speed		e Speed linute	Info	eed	Chip	load	Ret	ract
Inch	mm	RPM	SFPM	SMPM	Inch min.	Meter min.	Mil Rev.	mm Rev.	Inch min.	Meter min.
0.0098	0.25	100,000	258	79	40	1.02	0.40	0.010	600	15
0.0118	0.30	100,000	309	94	80	2.03	0.80	0.020	800	20
0.0138	0.35	95,500	345	105	120	3.05	1.26	0.032	800	20
0.0157	0.40	95,500	394	120	150	3.81	1.57	0.040	1000	25
0.0197	0.50	76,400	394	120	190	4.83	2.49	0.063	1000	25
0.0248	0.63	61,000	396	121	170	4.32	2.79	0.071	1000	25
0.0295	0.75	51,000	394	120	150	3.81	2.94	0.075	1000	25
0.0354	0.90	43,000	399	122	130	3.30	3.02	0.077	1000	25
0.0394	1.00	38,500	397	121	117	2.97	3.04	0.077	1000	25
0.0500	1.27	30,500	399	122	91	2.31	2.98	0.076	1000	25
0.0591	1.50	26,000	402	123	78	1.98	3.00	0.076	1000	25
0.0787	2.00	20,000	412	126	60	1.52	3.00	0.076	1000	25

# Part 5: Hole Wall Preparation

#### General

Gooddesmearandelectrolesscopperdepositionperformance aremoreeasilyachieved when the drilled hole quality is good. The generation of smooth, debrisfree hole walls is influenced by the degree of resin cure, drilling conditions and board design considerations. The elimination of 7628 or similar heavy glasses (whenever possible), coupled with properly adjusted drill parameters on fully cured boards has been shown to improve over all drilled hole quality. This helps reduces meargeneration, which improves des mear performance and can ultimately help to reduce copper wicking.

Factors which influence chemical desmear rates, and therefore the suggestions in this document, include: resintype, chemistry type, bathdwell times, bath temperatures, chemical concentrations in each bath and the amount of solution transfer through the holes.

Factorswhichinfluencetheamountofsolutiontransferthrough the holes include: hole size, panel thickness, work barstroke length, panel separation in the rack and the use of solution agitation, rackvibration and rack" bumping "to remove air bubbles from the holes.

#### **Chemical Desmear**

Trials show that Tachyon 100G<sup>°</sup> shows good response to chemicaldesmear.Processingparametersusedfor170TgFR-4 should be used, excessive dwell time will cause etchback.

Two passes of chemical desmear is recommended for high reliability or thicker designs (>2.5 mm). A short plasma etch desmearcanbeused, comparable to standard FR-4, can be used instead of a second pass chemical desmear.

#### Plasma Desmear

Plasmacanbeused withor without a single permanganate pass (tobe determined by each fabricator). Plasma processing tends to improve overall hole quality, particularly in thick and/or high aspectratio boards. Standard plasmagas mixtures and process cycles designed for conventional FR-4 epoxy are suggested for use as initial starting parameters for Tachyon 100G.

#### 3-Point Etchback

True3-point"etchback"exposes the inner layer "post" on all three sides for subsequent plating processes. This will require a more robust approach compared to simple desmear, which is designed only to remove resin smear from the vertical surface of the inner layer interconnect "posts".

Plasma will readily etch back Tachyon 100G resin. Standard plasma gas mixtures and process cycles designed for conventional FR-4epoxyaresatisfactory and are suggested for use as initial starting parameters for etch back of Tachyon 100G. The practice of following the plasma process with a chemical process is suggested rather than plasma alone to increase hole wall texture and remove plasma as hresidues. Consult the chemical supplier for suggested conditions.

If plasma is not available, chemical etchback for 3-point connectionsmustbedonewithextremecareonTachyon100Gto minimize copper wicking.

#### Secondary Drilling

Theuseofentryandbackermaterialmaybenecessaryduring the secondarydrilling of largerholesizes to avoid crazing/fracturing at the hole perimeter.

Additionally, sharperplungepoint angle geometries may be necessary to avoid crazing around secondary drilled hole perimeters.

#### **Routing and Scoring**

Modifications of the final PWB route fabrication process may be necessary. Table 4 lists initial starting parameters. Note that parameters listed may require further adjustment.

# Table 4: Suggested Routing Parameters for Initial Tachyon 100G° Setup

Stack Height	Spindle	Table	Router
(Max)	Speed	Speed	Bit Life
Inch	RPM	Inch/min.	Linear Feet
0.200	25,000	25	35

The customer should contact the scoring equipment and/ or bit supplier for application specific suggestions for use with Tachyon 100G materials. Your Isola Technical Account Managermayalsobeabletoprovidesomeinitial suggestions, but these should be validated through testing by the individual PWB fabricator.

# Part 6: Packaging and Storage

Tachyon 100G<sup>°</sup>finished boards have low moist ure sensitivity and goods helflife. However, Isolare commends using best practices instorage and packaging, as noted below, to reducerisk during lead-free assembly.

Tachyon 100G boards should be dryprior to pack aging to ensure the most robust lead-free performance. Printed boards made from Tachyon 100G that will use high temperature assembly and which require a long shelf life, recommended pack aging is to use a Moisture Barrier Bag (MBB) with a Humidity Indicator Card (HIC) and a dequated rying desiccant inside the MBB to prevent moisture absorption during shipment and long-terms to rage.

Uponopening the MBB, the boards should be processed within 168 hours when maximum shopf loor conditions are at < 30°C (85°F)/60% RH. MBB bags that are opened for inspection should be resealed immediately to protect the boards from moisture up take.

# Part 7: Health and Safety

Alwayshandlelaminatewithcare.Laminateedgesaretypically sharpandcancausecutsandscratchesifnothandledproperly. Handlingandmachiningofprepregandlaminatecancreate dust(seeTachyon100GMaterialSafetyDataSheet).Appropriate ventilationisnecessaryinmachining/punchingareas.Theuse ofprotectivemasksissuggestedtoavoidinhalingdust.Gloves, apronsand/orsafetyglassesaresuggestedifindividualshave frequent or prolonged skin or eye contact with dust.

IsolaGroupdoesnotusepolybromidebiphenylsorpolybromidebiphenyloxidesasflameretardantsinanyproduct.Material Safety Data Sheets are available upon request.

# Part 8: Ordering Information

Contact your local sales representative or contact: info@isola-group.com for further information.

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# www.isola-group.com/products/Tachyon-100G

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